Table 1. Evaluations of qualifications as a function of PEMS and condition.

Predictor	Step 1	Step 2	Step 3
	<u>b (SE)</u> <u>95%CI</u>	<u>b (SE)</u> <u>95%CI</u>	<u>b (SE)</u> <u>95%CI</u>
Intercept	5.70 (.07) [5.56, 5.83]	5.7 (.10) [5.56, 5.83]	5.70 (.07) [5.56, 5.83]
Diversity Rationale	02 (.07) [16, .12]	03 (.07) [16, .11]	03 (.07) [17, .11]
Qualifications	.36 (.07)*** [.22, .50]	.35 (.07)*** [.21, .49]	.35 (.07)*** [.21, .49]
PEMS	02 (.07) [16, .11]	05 (.07) [19, .08]	05 (.07) [19, .09]
Diversity x Qualifications		17 (.07)* [31,03]	17 (.07)* [31,03]
PEMS x Qualifications		001 (.07) [14, .13]	005 (.07) [14, .13]
PEMS x Diversity		.12 (.07)^ [02, .25]	.12 (.07) [02, .25]
PEMS x Diversity x Qualifications			.02 (.07) [12, .16]
		$\Delta R^2 = .04*$	$\Delta R^2 < .001$
		ΔF (3, 155) =.04	$\Delta F(1, 154) = .80$
	$R^2 = .14*$	$R^2 = .19$	$R^2 = .19$
	F (3, 158) = 8.84	F (6, 155) = 5.96	F (7, 154) = 5.09

Note. Diversity rationale effects coded: -1 *absent*, 1 *present*; qualifications effects coded: -1 *less qualified*, 1 *best qualified*; PEMS (perception of external motives) mean-centered; b = unstandardized estimate; *SE* = standard error; CI = Confidence interval; p <.00, *p <.01, **p <.001